

Table A-7. Fatal occupational injuries by worker characteristics and event or exposure, South Carolina, 2023

Worker characteristics	Total fatal injuries (number)	Event or exposure ¹					
		Transportation incidents ²	Violent acts ³	Contact incidents	Falls, slips, trips	Exposure to harmful substances, environments	Explosions and fires
All	112	44	9	16	18	23	--
Employee status							
Wage and salary ⁴	100	39	--	--	15	23	--
Self-employed ⁵	12	5	--	--	3	--	--
Gender							
Women	14	4	1	--	--	7	--
Men	98	--	8	--	--	16	--
Age							
Under 16 years	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
16 to 17 years	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
18 to 19 years	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
20 to 24 years	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
25 to 34 years	21	--	--	4	3	7	--
35 to 44 years	24	11	--	3	--	6	--
45 to 54 years	25	9	3	3	6	--	--
55 to 64 years	20	10	--	--	--	5	--
65 years and over	14	5	--	--	6	--	--
Race or ethnic origin⁶							
White, non-Hispanic, Total	63	25	--	--	9	17	--
Black or African-American, non-Hispanic, Total	30	15	4	7	--	4	--
Hispanic or Latino, Total	16	--	--	--	--	--	--
American Indian or Alaska Native, non-Hispanic, Total	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

Asian, non-Hispanic, Total	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander, non-Hispanic, Total	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

¹ Based on the BLS Occupational Injury and Illness Classification System (OIICS) 3.02 implemented for 2023 data forward.

² Includes roadway, nonroadway, air, water, rail fatal occupational injuries, and fatal occupational injuries resulting from being struck by a vehicle.

³ Includes violence by persons and self-inflicted injury.

⁴ May include volunteers and workers receiving other types of compensation. Cases where employment status is unknown are included in the counts of wage and salary workers.

⁵ Includes self-employed workers, owners of unincorporated businesses and farms, paid and unpaid family workers, and may include some owners of incorporated businesses or members of partnerships.

⁶ Persons identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race. The race categories shown exclude data for Hispanic and Latino workers. Cases where ethnicity is unknown are included in counts of non-Hispanic workers.

Note: Data for all years are revised and final. Totals for major categories may include subcategories not shown separately. For complete information on how the data are coded and presented see our definitions page at <https://www.bls.gov/iif/definitions/census-of-fatal-occupational-injuries-definitions.htm>. Dashes indicate no data reported or data that do not meet publication criteria. N.e.c. means "not elsewhere classified." CFOI fatality counts exclude illness-related deaths unless precipitated by an injury event.

Source: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, in cooperation with state, New York City, District of Columbia, and federal agencies, Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries, December 19, 2024